Scheme for Gaining Control of State Offices and the General Assembly and the Election of a Senator.

#### BOIES TO BE A CANDIDATE

WILLING TO SACRIFICE HIMSELF ON THE ALTAR OF FREE SILVER.

Texas Democrats Split on the Money Question - McKinley Advocates Poaching on Bradley's Preserves.

ATLANTA, Ga., April 4.-A dispatch from Thompson, the home of Tom Watson and the center of Populism in Georgia, says: "It is now practically assured that the Republicans and Populists in Georgia will fuse this year, and put up candidates for State offices and for the United States Senate. For the last few weeks the Populists of this county have been discussing the probability of such a combine between the two parties. As a matter of fact, it is now conceded by many Populists here that a deal has been made by which both the Populists Republicans will nominate and support the same ticket for Governor and State officers, and that an effort will be made by fusing in the various counties of the State, to control the General Assembly and elect a United States Senator to succeed Gen. John B. Gordon. It is understood that the Republicans will name the candidate for Governor, the other Statehouse offices will be divided, and the Populists will furnish the candidate for United States Senator."

#### IOWA'S MAN OF DESTINY. Ex-Governor Boles to Be a Free-Silver Candidate for President.

OTTUMWA, Ia., April 4.-The free silver Democrats of lowa will make a determined effort to capture the Dubuque convention, and they will be assisted by ex-Governor Boies, Boies has consented to go to Chicago as a delegate-at-large from Iowa if the platform declares for free silver. This is practically the first move to secure the Democratic nomination for President for Boies, participated in by prominent white metal Democrats, not only in Iowa, but in other parts of the West. His answer to a letter sent him requesting him to run is a tacit admission that he will accept the nomination if tendered him. He says:

"I am in full accord with your view that some plan should be adopted by which, as nearly as practicable, a full and explicit showing of the sentiment of the majority of the Democratic party in our State on the question of currency reform, especially on the question of the free coinage of silver as money of final redemption, may be had; and inasmuch as I am now unable to sug-gest a method by which we would be more kely to accomplish that and other things than the one suggested in your letter, I have oncluded to adopt your suggestion and allelegate at large to the Chicago conven-tion, with the understanding, however, that f our State convention at Dubuque, by resolution or otherwise, approves of our present financial policy I will not be expect-

The letter sent him signed by C. A. Walsh and E. W. Curry, of the Democratic State central committee, and hundreds of prominent Democrats, hint of a bolt if the con-"We deem it of vital importance to

Democratic party, not only of Iowa, but of the Nation, that the local sentiment and sellef or our Democratic masses upon the great question of currency reform which will overshadow every other issue in the campaign of 1896, should be reflected in the platform to be adopted at Dubuque and Chicago. No double-faced platform, meaning a f standard to one class of voters and a stallic standard to another class, should be tolerated or endured. Believing that a straddling policy, if adopted, would be ruin-ous to the Democratic party and practically wipe it out of existence in Iowa and many ther States; and to the end that the masses of Iowa Democrats may be induced to primaries and register their will on this matter we ask you to permit the use of your name as a candidate for delegate at large to head the Democratic delegation of Iowa at the Chicago convention.

#### SPLIT IN TEXAS.

Democrats Are Seriously at Odds or the Money Question.

HOUSTON, Tex., April 4.-Ever since the Austin the chairmen of the rival silver and sound money wings have been issuing pronunciamentos which have tended to materially widen the breach. The executive committee decided that the monetary issue must be voted on at the primaries in June and made an ironclad form of ballot. Several county executive committees have recognized this and several have not. Rufus Hardy, chairman of the "sound money" executive committee, to-day called a conference for Dallas on April 21 of "all Democrats who will abide by the national Democratic platform and vote for its nominees." leges that the silverites, under the lead of Chairman Dudley, have prepared a plan to control the State convention which cannot be eaten except by sound money advocates refusing to take part therein; that they can expect nothing from the silverites, and he advises to at once begin thoroughly organizing for battle. He says that unless he State executive committee, headed by Dud-ley, rescinds its former, action that the ound-money men will be forced to consider it as a challenge for "war to the knife and knife to the hlit." The proposed conference has already been indorsed by the mass meeting of sound-money men in Dallas and Bell counties. It means that the party is badly split on the monetary question, and unless ; miracle happens there will be a fratricidal struggle among the Democrats of Texas in the present State and national campaign.

Attempt to Rifle Quay's Desk. WASHINGTON, April 4. - Senator Quay's committee room on public buildings and grounds was broken into last night and an ansuccessful attempt made to break into the desk. The iron bolts fastening the doors at the top and bottom were pried out of the sockets, showing that strong tools had been employed. It is believed by the Senator that an attempt was made to get possession of his itical papers, but even if the desk had been opened the papers would not have been obtained, as they had all been removed to Mr. Quay's house a week ago. Nothing else in the room was disturbed. About a year after the election of 1888 Senator Quay's desk was rifled of all the political papers it then contained, and they never have been recovered. They were not important, as they were what the Senator termed "trash left over, which might well have been de-

#### Ohio Municipal Elections.

CINCINNATI, O., April 4.-Municipal elections will be held in Ohio next Monday. As the election of mayors does not occur in the larger cities at this election, it is an off year in the local affairs. Only minor city officers are elected in Cleveland and Columbus, and no election is held this spring in Cincinnati. In Dayton and other cities mayors are to be elected, but it is not thought that the elections will show any straws on either State or national politics. Less interest, with the exception of a few places, has been taken in these municipal elections than ever known heretofore.

Militia to Be at the Polls. NEW ORLEANS, April 4.- A special from Opelousas, La., says: All efforts to adjust the political differences on the negro question by representative men selected from both sides having failed, and fearing blood-shed at the election to be held here for rown officers on Monday next, the sheriff and Mayor have wired jointly to Governor Foster for a company of militia to be sent to Ope-lousas to aid them in maintaining law and

Reed's Candidacy Indorsed. WALTHAM, Mass., April 4.- The Fourth Yeymouth, of Fitchburg, and Charles H. for New You doubton, of Waltham, were elected delentes to the Republican national conven-

tion. Resolutions indorsing Hon. Thomas B. Reed as candidate for President were adopted.

PITTSBURG, Pa., April 4.-Owing to the close contests and big vote, the results of the Republican primaries in West Moreland, Fayette and Indiana counties cannot be announced positively to-night, but the most probable outcome is as follows:

West Moreland-Very close, with Quay adherents probably in the lead. E. E. Robbins nominated for Congress by about 400.

Fayette (Twenty-fourth district) - E. F. Acheson nominated for Congress without contest. Quay desegates also won out.

Indiana—Very little can be learned, but non-partisan estimates give Quay men the lead.

#### Bradley Versus McKinley.

CINCINNATI, O., April 4.-Specials to the Commercial Gazette shows that there were hard contests to-day between the Bradley and McKinley men at county conventions to select delegates to the State Republican convention at Louisville, April 15. Of the fourteen conventions heard from to-day Bradley received the instructions of eight and Mc-Kinley of six. Eighteen county conventions have irstructed for McKinley against their State favorite. Of the forty-six counties out of the 119 in the State that have held conventions up to to night the tally shows 448 delegated the state of the tally shows 448 delegated the state of the tally shows 448 delegated the state of the state of the tally shows 448 delegated the state of the stat tions up to to-night the tally shows 448 delegates for Bradley and 212 for McKinley.

Quay First Choice, McKinley Second. POTTSVILLE, Pa., April 4.-J. F. Finney, of Pottsville, and Joseph McConnell, of Ashland, were to-day elected delegates to the national Republican convention at St. Louis. The delegates favor Senator Quay for President and McKinley is indorsed as second choice. Congressman Brumm found he could not be elected and withdrew.

#### Democratic Gain of 600.

DAVENPORT, Ia., April 4.-The municipal election to-day resulted in the election of a Democratic Mayor, clerk, treasurer, assessor and four out of six aldermen with an average plurality of 1,000. This shows a Democratic gain of 600.

Political Notes. Wharton Barker, the Philadelphia silver onometallist, in a letter to a Denver newspaper urges separate political action by all upholders of the white metal.

The Republicans of Davidson county, Tennessee, held a convention at Nashville yes-terday to select delegates to the State convention. Negroes composed two-thirds of the convention. The delegates selected were instructed to work and vote for McKinley delegates to St. Louis.

The series of joint debates between Secretary Hoke Smith and Col. Charles F. Crisp is off, for the present at least. Mr. Crisp hav-ing requested their postponement on account of his physical condition, Mr. Crisp's throat is sore and he cannot speak above a whisper.

#### GEORGE GOULD HURT

TOOK A "HEADER" FROM HIS HORSE WHILE FOX HUNTING.

His Hip Sprained by the Fall-Master of the Hunt and a Boy Also Injured.

NEW YORK, April 5.-The World says: George J. Gould never, perhaps, came nearer to death than he did yesterday, on his morning run with the Ocean Hunt Club, on his vicious horse, Turk. Dr. C. L. Lindley, master of the hunt, and the intimate friend of Mr. Gould, is lying at his cottage with a dislocated shoulder, and Willie Dwyer, the diminutive whip, and son of the chief huntsman, will nurse a sprained arm for some

Yesterday the meet of the Ocean Hunt Club was held at Greenville. Nine riders were on the ground. Willie Dwyer came to grief at a hurdle early in the chase. At the end of the second two miles Mr. Gould and Dr. Lindley were far ahead. As the two sportsmen, riding neck and neck, were half way to Allaire, a stiff fence loomed up before them. Dr. Lindley took it first. His horse Shamrock and lay there. Mr Gould, who was four lengths behind, steadied Turk and tried what is known as the "double jump, but even as Turk arose at the obstacle the horse's feet slipped. Mr. Gould fell out of the saddle head foremost over the horse's head. He saw the body of the horse falling on him and struggled blindly out of reach as Turk struck the ground half a foot clear of him. Dr. Lindley, although injured struggled to his feet and ran to Mr. Gould's assistance, where he lay stunned and motionless. Then, one by one, the stragglers came up. Dr. Lindley's shoulder, which was dislocated, was wrenched into place. Meantime Mr. Gould was slowly struggling back to consciousness. It was found that his hip was sprained. The injured men were taken to Lakewood as soon as a carriage could be procured. Mr. Gould came to this city this evening. His secretary said he was suffering from a sprain and shock, but expected to be about in a few days.

#### PRAISE FOR PRESIDENT DIAZ.

His Monroe Doctrine Message Approved by Most Latin-Americans.

CITY OF MEXICO. April 4.- The Universal (newspaper) to-night publishes telegrams from all over Central and South America regarding President Diaz's utterances on the Monroe doctrine in his recent message to

President Barrios, of Gautemala, praised the statesmanlike tone of the message, and in Salvador the government is inclined to favor an alliance of all American nations in support of the Monroe doctrine as expanded by President Diaz. Honduras newspapers advocate a Latin-American confederation in support of the doctrine of "no European interference," but excluding Canada. Nicaragua is disposed to adopt President Diaz's ideas. Costa Rica's sentiment favors the plan but there is apprehension that Mexico is ambitious of consolidating her power and taking under a protectorate all of Central America. President Caro, of Colombia, congratulates Diaz on his idea. Colombian sentiment favors Latin-American alliance. President Crespo, in his congratulations to President Diaz and the Mexican people, declares that Venezuela sustains the plan of Latin-American union in defense of territo-rial integrity. The Bolivian government strongly rayors the plan as a check to En-glish arrogance and territorial ambition. The Peruvian press warmly applauds President

Diaz, and the government opinion is favor-The President of Chile says that if the plan did not conceal the hidden purpose of the United States and was not aimed at any particular European nation it was worthy of commendation. Chile would be glad to send delegates to a conference, but would prefer that the United States have no representa-

President Borda, of Uruguay, said he must applaud the stand taken by the Mexican President, who had put himself at the head of the American nations by his courageou advocacy of a Latin-American union in su port of the invincibility of American soil Argentine newspapers advocate adopting the suggestions of the Mexican chief magistrate and desires a conference of all Latin Amer-

President Moraes, of Brazil, says he hopes for an alliance of all American nations against the continual aggressions of European nations in this hemisphere and taking advantage of the weakness of Latin-American nations. He heartly indorses the ideas of the noble and courageous President of

by telegraph communications on the bold stand taken by General Diaz in support of the amplified Monroe doctrine and making it international law in the new world.

Movements of Steamers. NEW YORK, April 4.—Arrived: St. Paul, from Southampton; Lucania, from Liverpool; Caledonia, from Naples. Sailed: Manitoba, for London; La Bretnage, for Havre; Edam, for Rotterdam; Umbria, for Liverpool; Venetia, for Stettin; Bonn, for Bre-

BREMEN, April 4.—Arrived: Willehad, from Baltimore. Sailed: Stuttgart, for New York. BOSTON, April 4.—Sailed: Peruvian, for Blasgow; Scythia, for Liverpool.

HAMBURG, April 4.—Arrived: Norman-nia, from New York. SOUTHAMPTON, April 4.—Sailed: New York, for New York. HAVRE, April 4.-Sailed: La Touraine

INTERESTING TALK WITH MR. HO-BART C. CHATFIELD-TAYLOR.

Dons Believe Cuba Will Be Subdued, and Think They Are So Strong They Can Whip Uncle Sam.

#### ANOTHER BATTLE REPORTED

LACRET'S BAND OF PATRIOTS SAID TO HAVE LOST HEAVILY.

Two Hundred Insurgents Killed, According to the Official Spanish Accounts-Minor Engagements.

LONDON, April 4.-Mr. Hobart C. Chatfield-Taylor, of Chicago, who sailed for America to-day, having only recently arrived in London after a winter's sojourn in Spain, gave his impressions of the political and social life in that country to a reporter before going aboard the steamer. During his stay in Spain Mr. Chatfield-Taylor had ample opportunity of ascertaining the feeling which animates the inner circles of the government towards the United States. He had an audience of the Queen Regent, was given an opportunity of conversing with the prominent statesmen, and, by virtue of his acquaintance with the Infanta Eulalie, was everywhere received and entertained by Spanish families of the highest social dis-

"There is one thing that the Americans don't seem to understand," said Mr. Chatfield-Taylor, "and that is the thoroughly earnest manner in which the Spanlards would regard a war with the United States. They would regard it in the light of a fatality. Once begun, they would enter on in a thoroughly whole-souled manner. In spite of all the reverses which, as a nation, they have experienced, the old national pride is far from being extinct. Then, too, the mass of the people regard their nation as more than a military match for America. They argue that, having conquered Napoleon, they are a mighty military power. The feeling amongst them is also almost universal that the Americans are actuated by a purely commerical spirit; that if Wall street should find war imminent and a heavy drop in stocks the inevitable result all thought of strife would at once be aban-doned. Even Spaniards who have lived in America are not afraid of war. One of these, who had been in the diplomatic service at Washington, said to me, 'We have nothing to lose by a war with your country. We have everything to gain.' There is also a great deal of reference made to the comparative military strength of the two countries. The Spaniards say: 'We have 135,000 effective troops in Cuba alone, whereas the American army numbers but 25,000. "The feeling against American interference Cuban affairs is most intense and bitter The consensus of opinion is that Cuba will eventually be subdued. All classes are united in this conviction. It is a matter of sentiment with them, and they will defend Cuba to their last drop of blood. Of course, this feeling regarding war only pertains to the masses of the people. The actual statesmen consequences. In any event, if war were deforced to accept it by popular sentiment."
Asked about the personality of some of the leading Spanish statesmen, Mr. Chat-field-Taylor instanced Emilio Castelar, at one time the President of the Spanish republic, saying: "I deem him the most sincere of her statesmen. Being a Republican, he has never put foot inside the palace, yet he has accepted the monarchy as necessary for the best interests of Spain, but only because the monarchy has granted reous and political liberty. His patriotism ows itself in everything. His manner of speaking is wonderfully earnest. He spoke me with biterness of the American attitude toward Cuba, his face coloring with indignation. 'How is it possible,' he asked, that the United States should be so un grateful to the land which gave it birth' Spain is the mother of America, and this is the base ingratitude of her child. You do not know us there; you don't understand We have more liberty than England. What did we do in Spain at the time of the republic? We declared universal suffrage. religious and political freedom and manumitted the slaves of Cuba. It is a shame that the people of America should call us cruel and unenlightened. Spain will fight for Cuba until the last drop of blood is In speaking of the social condition of Madrid, Mr. Taylor said: "The smart set in Madrid is but a reproduction of the smart set in New York. The same social conditions seem to prevail. The same men of leisure lounge the clubs. The women exhibit the same desire for admiration and thirst for excite-There are the same assumptions of superiority and the same heartburnings. The people of the smart set, however, are exremely intimate and clannish.' Referring to his reception by the Queen Regent, Mr. Taylor remarked: "Aside from the ceremony of bowing, my reception was almost wholly informal."

Wrath of the Newspapers. NEW YORK, April 5. - A special to the World from Madrid says: The holy week religious festivities and the approach of the general election for Deputies (which takes place April 11) cast Cuban affairs into the background. But recent telegrams from Washington aroused considerable interest in all classes, and provoked angry comments from the press of all parties on Mr. Hitt's speech. The leading newspapers persist in affecting to consider the Cuban insurgents merely brigands, incendiaries and adventurers, unworthy of the sympathy of any civilized people, and deserving the sternest, swiftest chastisement possible. Their wrath has been increased by the latest telegrams from General Weyler, reporting fresh raids, accompanied by outrages and the burning of plantations by rebels in Havana, Pinar del Rio and Matanzas provinces, which obliged him to revert to Marshal Campos's system and place strong guards to protect most of the plantations. Even with this protection, not more than one-sixth of the usual sugar crop wil be secured.

El Liberal accuses the American Congress of systematic hostility towards Spain, clos-ing its article thus: "Whatever happens, we remain calm, determined not to allow our rights to be trampled upon with im-punity. The only thing we insist upon our government doing is to take care how it congress comes to a decision contrary to ustice and reason and leaves the solution of the problem to President Cleveland. One can submit to foreign aggression after resisting and fighting to the last extremity but Spain will never submit willingly to

#### SKIRMISHES IN CUBA.

Result of Engagements with Insur-

gents as Reported by Spaniards. HAVANA, April 4.-Railroad communication has been re-established between this city and Candelaria, in the province of Pinar del 'Rio, Colonel Tort has been engaged wit's the insurgents at Figueros and surprised their advance guard at Emilia. near Guines, this province. The Colonel also obtained possession of important documents regarding the insurgents under Miro. The troops captured four prisoners and seventy saddled horses. The number of insurgents killed and wounded is not known. There have been several additional skirmishes in the province of Havana, during which four insurgents were killed and the troops captured one prisoner. The insurgents recently captured a government guerrilla at Cano and he was afterwards found hanged. Captain Gonzalez, at the head of a detachment of two hundred troops, at Cuchillo, province of Santiago de Cuba, has had a brush with the insurgent band commanded by Delgado. The insurgents left eleven killed and the troops lost a lieutenant killed and had the chief of the column and two guerrillas wounded. Colonel Navarro, while skirmishing near Hanabana, province of Matanzas, with a small detachment of troops, killed three insurgents and captured five wounded prisoners with arms. The troops had one captain, a dector and a corporal wounded ers with arms. The troops had one captain, a doctor and a corporal wounded.

The insurgents under Civilide Garcia, at the plantation of Covadonga, near Macagua, have been engaged with a detachment of troops, and the former were compelled to retreat with a loss of seven killed. The government force had several wounded.

There have been a number of skirmishes

in the Clenfuegos district of the province of Santa Clara, during which the insurgents lost six killed.

Santa Clara, during which the insurgents lost six killed.

Insurgents under Zayas recently attacked San Juan de las Yeras, province of Santa Clara. The garrison of the town made a gallant defense and repelled the insurgents, who, in retreating, burned several houses and retired with numerous loss.

Colonel Vazquez has been engaged with the insurgents under Rego, at Yita, where two insurgents were killed, and at San Blas, province of Santa Cara, where he engaged a band of nine hundred. After four hours fighting the insurgents retreated with a loss of thirty-one killed and leaving three wounded and two boxes of ammunition behind them. The troops had one lieutenant and seven privates wounded.

The police of this city, who have been investigating the swindle by which the banking house of August Belmont & Co., of New York, paid out \$24,000 in cash on a forged draft purporting to be drawn by Jose Hidalgo & Co., of Havana, in favor of Manuel Gonzales Mendoza, have unraveled the whole plot and have arrested two of Mendoza's accomplices. Mendoza, it has also been ascertained, is now on his way to Corunna, Spain, and the Captain General has cabled the home government to cause him to be arrested upon his arrival at his destination.

The election of Deputies will take place The election of Deputies will take place on April 12.

A dispatch from Vueltas, in the Remedios district of the province of Santa Clara,

announces that the insurgent leader Felo Valdes, who was a prisoner in the jail there, has escaped.

The insurgents have burned the village of Cangrejera, near Havana, the plantations of Penal Ver, Remnion, Torrentgui, Luz, Pestana, in the district of Gueria, Melina, this province, and the fields and Melina, this province, and the fields and plantation of Doloces de Abreu in the Re-

medios district. medios district.

The engagement of the forces of Colonel Pavia with the insurgents under the command of leader Lacret, at the plantation of Cantabria, is regarded by the Spanish officials as being of greater importance than indicated by first reports. The insurgents are reported to have become completely demoralized as a result of the attack made upon them by Colonel Pavia, and leader Lacret has not yet been able to bring the members of his band together again. The loss of the insurgents must have been at least two hundred in killed alone, for the troops found large piles of bodies which had not been buried, owing to the hurried retreat of the buried, owing to the hurried retreat of the members of Lacret's band. On the seabeach near the village of Bar-

racoa the insurgents, according to advices received here, hanged an innocent and unoffending white woman. The remains of the infortunate woman were removed from a telegraph pole, where the body was left hanging, the affair causing considerable indignation.
At the village of San Francisco de Paul

near Matanzas, the insurgents burned eight houses, including the schoolhouse. They also destroyed the bridge at Coajatales, near Bo-londron. It is reported that General Maceo will try to cross the military line from Mariel to Ma-

jana. Colonel Ruiz, at Mafus, near Bayamo, leader Rabl. The insurgents dispersed, leavdocuments were also captured by the Spanish troops, but the Cubans carried their wounded away with them. The Spaniards sustained a loss of fifteen wounded. Rabi afterwards attacked, near Santa Rita, Colonel Ruiz, who was at the head of six hundred troops. Ruiz had been sent with this detachment for the purpose of protecting a train of wagons moving from Jiguany to Bayamo. The insurgents were repulsed. Six of the Cubans were killed in the encounter. Colonel Molina, while skirmishing in the

province of Matanzas, killed four insurgents. The recent attempts of bands of insurgents to pass the military line in the vicinity of San Simon failed. The bands are reported to have put in an appearance from the east, and they were evidently trying to force their way through the province of Matanzas.

### WEYLER'S LATEST ORDER.

All Prisoners, and They Are Many, Must Be Shot. CINCINNATI, O., April 4 .- The Commer cial Gazette's special from Tampa gives an interview with the wife of a correspondent who landed to-day from Havana. "General Weyler's latest order," she said, "issued only a few days before I left, is that all prisoners taken shall be shot. The prisons are full, and they must die. Every morning at daybreak we heard shots at Moro Castle, and our hearts grew sick, for we knew that some innocent man was dying like a dog. No trial is allowed and the orders are to shoot all. Only last Monday evening, when the band played for the prado and crowds of gaily dressed people promenaded to and fro, I saw two men, one an old negro and the other a countryman, shakled together and marched off to be shot. The families of these poor unfortunates are left wholly des-vitute and the suffering in the districts is terrible. The men, women and children of the towns captured by the insurgents become a part of the army. There are no depredations committed by the insurgent soldiers, but the atrocities committed by the Spanish troops are too terrible to tell. They

"The generals of the insurgent army are pitiless in their punishment of depredations, hanging being the immediate penalty. They realize that if depredations are allowed there will soon be utter lawlessness—so punshment by death for the first offense. They are authorized to take horses and saddles for they are necessary, but the taking of money or valuables or the commission any violence whatsoever is punishable by instant death. We hear every day of most terrible things done by the Spanish troops. The insurgents have more than they need They are only lacking in arms and ammuni-

#### The Bermuda Incident.

PUERTO CORTEZ, Honduras, April 4.-In relation to the Bermuda affair, it is stated that the government of Honduras seized some cartridges only, there being no intention of retaining possession of the steamship. Consequently, the incident is regarded as having been greatly overrated from an international standpoint.

NEW YORK, April 4.-The steamship Bermuda left New York on March 15 with an alleged filibustering expedition bound for the coast of Cuba. The Bermuda was chartered for Central American ports, and the announcement of the least supprise. The unactivated the least supprise. have caused the least surprise. The unex-pected happened, however, when it was anpected happened, however, when it was announced that the steamer and cargo had been seized at Puerto Cortez by Honduras officials. Secretary Quesada, of the Cuban junta, stated that he had positive and authentic information of the successful landing of the cargo of the Bermuda in the east-ern part of Cuba on Sunday, March 29. It is inferred that the Bermuda went to the coast of Honduras after discharging her war supplies in Cuba. The seizure of the small quantity of cartridges on the Ber-muda and the failure of the Honduras officials to even attempt to retain possession of the steamer divests the incident of much of

Guns Concealed in Timbers. HOUSTON, Tex., April 4.-For some time past agents of the Pinkerton agency who are working on behalf of the Spanish government have been watching the movements of vessels along the Texas coast and sailing from Mexican ports. Schooners sail from Texas and Louisiana inlets loaded with lumber for Jamaica and other West Indian points. It leaked out that the Pinkerton agents discovered large quantities of ammunition in the lumber. The two-inch plank were so arranged that they were loaded with carridges, while in what appeared to be heavy timber guns were packed. For several months the shipment of war munitions have been made in this manner, and the schooners have found no difficulty in landing the loaded lumber through the means of smaller boats which would come out from inless on the Cuban coats. The detectives will give out no information, but it is sup-posed the Spanish war vessels will keep a sharp lookout hereafter for the lumber-laden

Havana Like a Tomb. NEW YORK, April 4.- A special to the World from Havana, Cuba, says: The total amount of sugar made in Cuba this year will not exceed 140,000 tons. The normal crop is about one million tons. This enormous shrinkage means, it is estimated, a money shrinkage means, it is estimated, a money loss of \$56,000,000. The tobacco crop will be greatly diminished. The other products of the island—hides, mahogany and cedar—are practically not to be had. Nothing is being done on the Stock Exchange, and the Produce Exchange is lifeless. Potatoes and the commonest necessaries of life cannot be sold on business principles. There is no money. Havana is like a tomb.— Even the cabs ceased to run in the streets in recognition of Holy Thursday and Good Friday. Business, what there is, has been suspended. No newspapers are printed papers are printed.

Bloody Battle Reported. TAMPA, Fla., April 4.—It is rumored here that in the battle which occurred on Tuesday in Pinar del Rio, between the forces of Maceo and Colonel Suarez, the Spaniards lost 8,000 men. The insurgent loss was also heavy. No details of the battle are given. Colonel Susres was uniquely The Wheel That Stands the Wear

PRICE

All Wheels are good until something happens to them, and then you wish you had a

## VANGUARD

#### Facts About the Vanguard

It is built for service. It is perfectly proportioned and pleases the most fastidious. We make special claims for our bearings. The finish is the best, and we have absolute faith in the superior merits of the Vanguard.

Vanguard	Climber	. \$105.00
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#### EFFECT OF THE POOL

TIN-PLATE INDUSTRY IN THIS COUN-TRY MAY BE NEARLY RUINED.

Cannot Compete with Welshmen if Prices of Steel Billets Are Maintained by the New "Combine."

PITTSBURG, April 4 .- P. H. Laufman,

the veteran tin-plate producer of this city, predicts that if the new steel pool is a success and holds together for ninety days nearly every tin-plate factory in the country will be driven out of business. They will be "ground to annihilation between the upper and nether milistones of Weish competition and the cost of steel biflets." Quotations on the black plate used by tin-plate manufactures have been advanced about \$2 a ton, in keeping with the advance of billets to \$20, which was made several days ago. If this keeps us, Welsh competition, it is asserted, will gain the mastery of American markets, though, curiously enough, the competition now is not between the Welsh and the Americans, but between American manufacturers themselves. It is asserted by old manufacturers that the new firms in the business are running at a loss, and have thus sold tin plate at lower prices than it can be imported for. A difference of which the black plates for tinning are rolled, will change all this and enable the Welsh manufacturers to send their goods in here and sell them, provided that the steel pool holds together long enough to tire the Americans of running at a loss in the hope of better things. Previous to the formation of the pool the prices on billets were very nearly the same in Great Britain and this country. It is believed that the advance and the difference in the labor cost of rolling black plate in Wales will shortly make a difference of \$5 a ton against the American producer. Mr. Laufman, however, does not believe the pool will be a success. The desire to get the best of each other, he says, is so strong among the manufacturers that they will not long hold together.

#### NOVEL FOOD EXPERIMENTS.

Interesting Investigation Conducted by Wesleyan College Professors.

MIDDLETOWN, Conn., April 4.- The professors at Weslyan College, who have for some time been conducting the novel food experiments which have attracted general attention, to-night gave the following statement for publication: Mr. A. W. Smith, who entered the respiration calorimeter apparatus Monday, March 23, at 9 a. m., came out to-day at 3 p. m., thus making a stay of twelve days and six hours. This is the longest continuous experiment of the kind that has ever been made. Mr. Smith reports himself as feeling entirely well and none the worse for the experiment. The tasks assigned him included severe mental work, arduous muscular labor and the mak-The experiment was divided into a period

of nearly two days' rest, one of three days' hard metal work in calculating results of a previous experiment, studying of German treatises on physics and the like, one of three days' rest, one of three days' of intense muscular exercise in lifting weights, and, finally, a day of rest. During all this time the inhaled air and all of the products given off from the body were measured, weighed and analyzed. The energy received by the body in the form of food and drink, and that given off in the excretory products and in the heat radiated from the body were also measured. A large amount of work remains to be done in completing and calculating the results of the experibe ready for some weeks or months. When fully completed, the results will doubtless throw very valuable light upon the quanti-ties of food materials used by the body when at rest and when the person is en-gaged in intellectual and muscular work, and also on the relations of energy to the bodily functions.

#### ACTRESS AND CONGRESSMAN.

Marriage of Miss Annie O'Neill and the Hon. Henry Clay Miner.

NEW YORK, April 4.-In a quiet little place in Virginia, free from the bustle of theatrical life, Mr. and Mrs. Henry Clay Miner will spend their honeymoon. The ceremoney which made Miss Annie O'Neill, actress, the wife of the member of Congress from the Ninth New York district took place at noon to-day in the Church of the Transfiguration, Brooklyn. Those who witnessed the ceremony were Mrs. O'Neill, mother of the bride, and the bride's two sisters; Dr. James T. Davis, T. W. Moore, a brother-in-law, and Thomas and George Miner, sons of the bridegroom. Mr. Miner's other two sons, Edwin and Henry, jr., were not present, nor were their wives. In May, it is said, Mr. and Mrs. Miner will sail for Europe, returning in the autumn.

The present Mrs. Miner was born in Scot-The present Mrs. Miner was born in Scotland about twenty-six years ago. In 1887 she became a member of Richard Mansfield's company. Later she was professionally asociated with Harriman, and then with Sothern and Salvini. For the last five years she has played leading roles with W. H. Crane. J. N. Huston's General Assignment.

CONNERSVILLE, Ind., April 4 .- James M. McIntosh has been named by Hon. James N. Huston as assignee for all his property of whatever description, with the understanding that all creditors will be placed on an equal footing. Mr. Huston is in Denver, Col., for his health, and the assignment papers were issued there, being received here yesterday for record. Following the failure of the Connersville Citizens' Bank here recently, Mr. Huston filed a mortgage on most of his property, and this assignment was the last resort of Mr. Huston to secure his creditors. The exact amount of Mr. Huston's liabilities are not known, but it is easy they are much in excess of his assets.

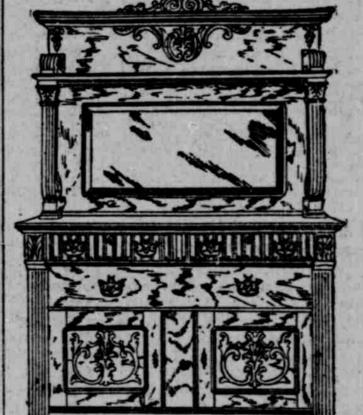
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